TEST NAME: Science 7 Unit 1: 1F (COPY) Cycle 2 TEST ID: 2657334 GRADE: 07 - Seventh Grade SUBJECT: Life and Physical Sciences TEST CATEGORY: School Assessment



## 11/05/18, Science 7 Unit 1: 1F (COPY) Cycle 2

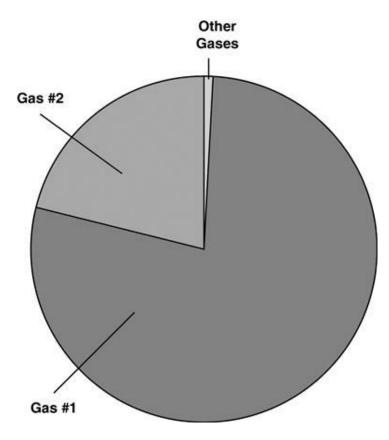
Student:	
Class:	
Date:	

- 1. What instrument should be used to monitor atmospheric pressure changes as a weather system approaches?
  - A psychrometer
  - B. thermometer
  - C. anemometer
  - D. barometer

### 2. Atmospheric greenhouse gases help heat the atmosphere by

- A increasing the amount of solar radiation reaching Earth.
- B. storing energy produced by human activity.
- C. absorbing infrared radiation released by Earth.
- D. increasing the average density of air.

3. This circle graph shows the percentages of different gases in Earth's atmosphere.



### Which gas is represented by Gas #1?

- A carbon dioxide
- B. hydrogen
- C. nitrogen
- D. oxygen

# 4. Which BEST explains why air temperatures near mountaintops are often much colder than air temperatures near sea level?

- A Large amounts of snowfall decrease the temperature.
- B. Air near mountaintops is less dense.
- C. Strong winds near mountaintops decrease temperatures.
- D. The lack of vegetation at sea level allows the ground to absorb more heat.

#### 5. Which of these gases, on average, has the lowest volume in the atmosphere of Earth?

- A oxygen
- B. nitrogen
- C. water vapor
- D. carbon dioxide

- 6. Which of these statements BEST describes temperature as elevation in the atmosphere increases?
  - A Temperature remains constant with elevation in the thermosphere.
  - B. Temperature remains constant with elevation in the mesosphere.
  - C. Temperature generally decreases with elevation in the stratosphere.
  - D. Temperature generally decreases with elevation in the troposphere.



7. Which graph BEST illustrates the change in density in the lowest layer of Earth's atmosphere as altitude increases?

